



The Time Has Come for ESPP!

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Webcast Materials

www.sos-team.com/PDFS/espp.pdf

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The Walrus and The Carpenter

"The time has come," the Walrus said,
"To talk of many things:
Of shoes--and ships--and sealing-wax--
Of cabbages--and kings--
And why the sea is boiling hot--
And whether pigs have wings."

– Lewis Carroll

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The ESPP and The Stock Plan Manager

"The time has come," the CC said,
"To talk of many things:
Of stock -and match –and shareholders--
Of good discounts -- and offering--
And why dispositions must be tracked--
And the joys of expensing."

– SOS

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Agenda

- The Case for ESPP
 - Statistics
 - Benefits for employees & company
- Plan Design, Administrative & Accounting Issues
- Steps to Implement
 - Research / Design
 - Board Approval
 - Vendor Selection
- Case Study – EMCOR Group

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Survey Details


- www.naspp.com | Member Area | Surveys | Stock Plan Design Surveys
 - NASPP/KPMG: 2004 Stock Plan Design and Administration Survey
 - NASPP / Deloitte Consulting: 2007 Domestic Stock Plan Design and Administration Survey
 - NASPP / Deloitte Tax LLP: 2008 International Stock Plan Design and Administration Survey

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Survey Details

- NCEO / CEPI 2009 Employee Stock Purchase Plan Survey
 - 412 companies responded
 - National Center for Employee Ownership
 - www.nceo.org
 - Certified Equity Professional Institute; at Santa Clara University
 - www.scu.edu/business/cepi/
 - Comprehensive survey results available by contacting the NCEO or CEPI

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THE CASE FOR ESPP

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ESPP Facts...

- Studies show ...
 - Companies with broad-based equity plans show better results than those with narrowly focused plans¹
- Satisfaction
 - Majority of respondents believe that the ESPP is positive: 30% describe it as “net beneficial” and 35% call it “an excellent use of corporate resources.”²

¹ Public Companies with Broad-Based Stock Options: Corporate Performance from 1992-1997, Blasi, Kroumova

² NCEO./ CEPI .2009 ESPP Survey

ESPP Facts...

- Employee ownership tends to...
 - Improve company performance by aligning interests of workers and managers
 - Serving as collective incentive to improve teamwork and information sharing
 - 66% feel more invested in their jobs*
 - 50% say ESPP made them less likely to change jobs*
 - 65% say shows employer truly values employees*

*Data from "Bridging the Gap", July 2008, Fidelity Stock Plan Services

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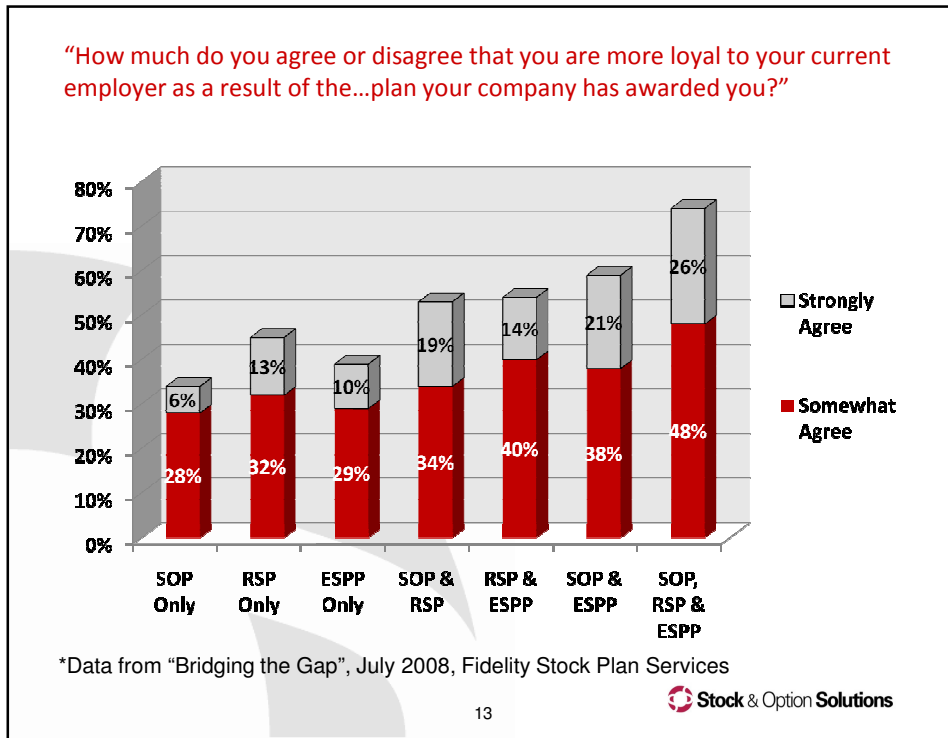
ESPP Facts...

- Projected that 17% of US employers offer a stock purchase plan
 - As opposed to
 - 16% stock option plans
 - 9% restricted stock
- Are employees satisfied?
 - "very satisfied" or "somewhat satisfied"
 - 76% with plan performance
 - 79% with plan design

*Data from "Bridging the Gap", July 2008, Fidelity Stock Plan Services

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ESPP Facts...

- ESPPs produce cash flow to the company
 - Employees contribute post-tax via payroll contributions to purchase stock
- ESPPs are never underwater
 - With discount / match / look-back, they are always a bargain - sometimes an incredible bargain!
- Company Tax Deductions
 - For qualified plans from disqualifying dispositions
 - Or for company match on non-qualified plans
- Encourages employees to save
 - Without “locking them in”

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ESPP Overview

- What is an employee stock purchase plan (ESPP)?
- An ESPP is a type of broad-based stock plan that allows employees to acquire shares of their company's stock by electively contributing after-tax payroll deductions.
- Often include:
 - Benefit of a discount on the purchase price or a matching contribution made by the employer

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Concerns: Expensing ESPP

- ESPP Expense is a non-cash expense
- Pre FAS 123(R) studies indicate expensing has little effect on stock price*
 - Study 1: companies voluntarily adopting: Stock price increased average 3.65% over six-day window around announcement
 - Study 2: companies voluntarily expensing, conclusion – does not impact stock price
 - Study 3: 140 companies, results not statistically significant...
- Post FAS 123(R) studies*:
 - 53% of sell-side analysts don't consider FAS 123(R) expense
 - Share prices for companies with significant expense underperformed the S&P 500 by about 2%
- Many feel plan's return outweighs effects of expensing

¹NCEO Issue Brief: The State of Broad-Based Equity Plans, Corey Rosen, NCEO, 2008

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Concerns: Shareholders

- 2003 Hager Study;
 - 91 companies in Canada and 54 in the US were surveyed:
 - Institutional and individual shareholders: more likely to look favorably upon broad-based stock plans than plans that just reward a few employees.
 - Returns found to be higher by about 1.78% in the US & 2.13% in Canada when broad-based plans announced

¹NCEO : [Stock Option Grant Announcements and Shareholder Value](#)

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Why Now?

- In difficult economic times,
 - ESPPs can be a great motivational tool
 - Build
 - Company morale
 - Employee loyalty
 - 'we're all in this together attitude'
- Right now, ESPP gives employees benefit of purchasing potentially undervalued company stock at a discount

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Why Now?

- No bonuses this year?
 - ESPPs provide companies a way to compensate their employees
 - Without having to raise salaries
- Is business slow?
 - ESPP raise capital / cash inflow
- Recent large sweeping changes?
 - Timely introduction of ESPP may help energize employees to contribute to new projects, initiatives, etc.

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PLAN DESIGN, ADMINISTRATIVE & ACCOUNTING ISSUES

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Plan Design: Qualified? Or Non?

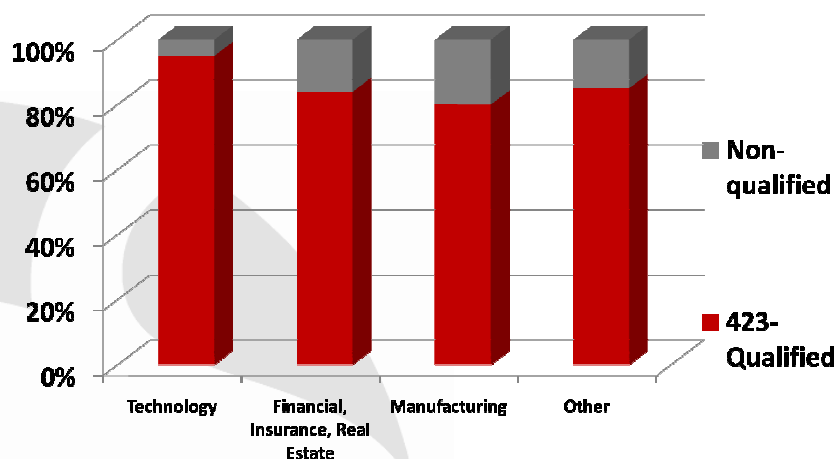
	Pros	Cons
Qualified	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Higher participation levels by approx. 10%¹ <u>Opportunity</u> for favorable tax treatment at purchase 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tracking dispositions (for all time) Regulatory requirements (6039, W-2 reporting, etc.) Must be non-discriminatory
Non-Qualified	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> More flexibility in design/participation Fewer regulatory requirements Simplified accounting treatment Easier to explain to employees 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No opportunity for favorable tax treatment at purchase Some may expect qualified, depending on industry/ prior experience Shareholder perception may be an issue?

¹2007 NASPP./ Deloitte Survey .

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Qualified or Non-qualified?



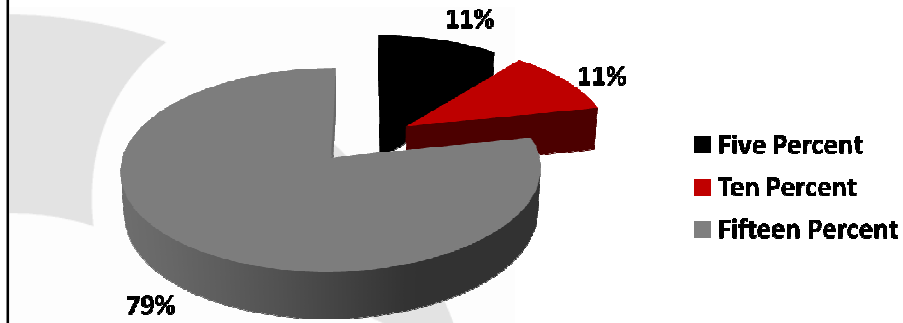
*Data from NCEO/CEPI 2009 ESPP Survey.

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Plan Design: Discount?

Percent of Companies Offering Discount (n=28)



*Data from 2008 NASPP./ Deloitte Tax International Stock Plan Survey.

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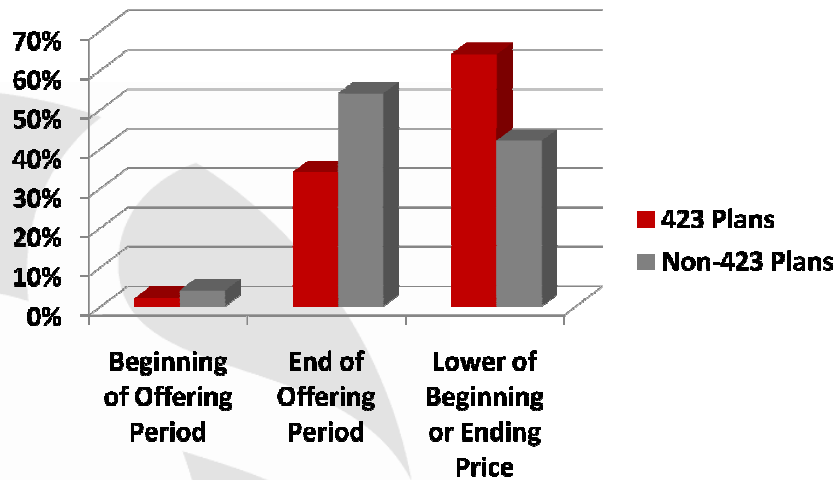
Plan Design: To Lookback or Not?

	Pros	Cons
Look-back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Better benefit to employees Better participation? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Requires expensing Increases expense Fewer employees understand/value Reduces cash inflow
No Look-back	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Reduces expense Can be considered non-compensatory (no expensing) if discount < 5% 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lower participation? Opportunity for employee gain less

¹2007 NASPP./ Deloitte Survey .

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Lookback: When is purchase price determined?



*Data from NCEO/CEPI 2009 ESPP Survey.

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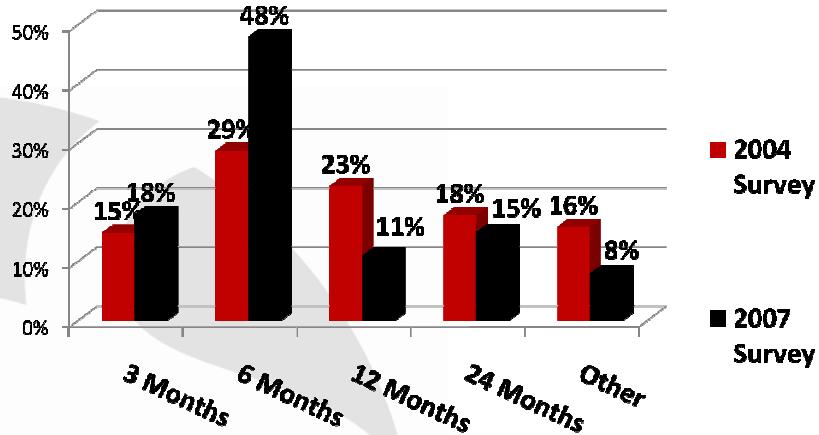
Plan Design: Length of Offering

- Three months to... 27 months...
- No reason for longer offering if no lookback offered
- Shorter offerings: Employees become shareholders faster and see benefit faster
- Employees less worried about share plans because more variance in purchase price with more frequent purchases

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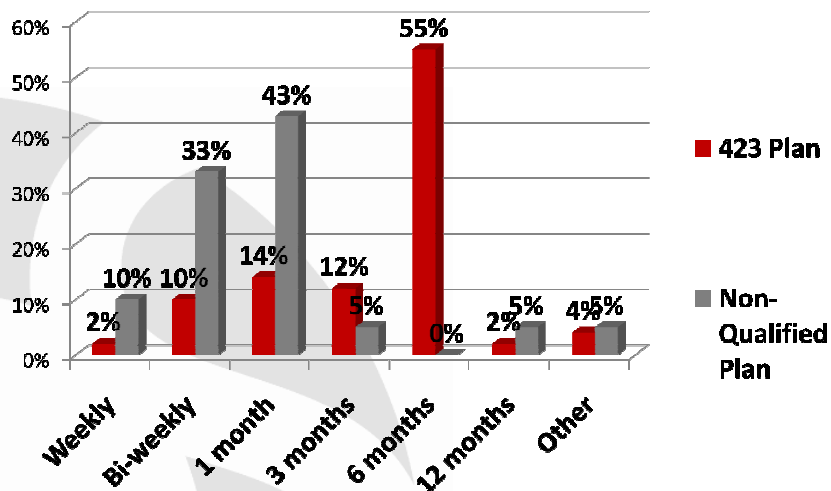
Length of Offering Period: Trends



*Data from 2004 & 2007 NASPP./ Deloitte Surveys .

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Frequency of Purchase



*Data from 2008 NASPP./ Deloitte Tax International Stock Plan Survey.

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Accounting for 423-ESPP: Overview

- FAS 123(R)
 - If “option-like” features OR > 5% discount = compensatory
 - Grant-date Fair Value – basically Black-Scholes but...
 - Three components:
 - Discount,
 - Call,
 - Put
 - Created using Enrollment Date market value
 - No “expected” term – term is known
 - Non-compensatory – no fair value, no expense

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ESPP Fair Value Components

Plan Feature	Description	Fair Value Component
Discount	% of discount	Discount
Lookback	Ability to purchase at LOWER market value between beginning of offering period market value & purchase date market value. Ability to benefit from <u>increase</u> in stock price.	Call Black-Scholes Option
No beginning price limit	Ability to purchase MORE shares if price declines (number of shares to be purchased not limited by Ability to benefit from <u>decrease</u> in stock price.	Put Black-Scholes Option

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Plan Design: Participation

- Qualified Plans:
 - To ensure plan is non-compensatory,
 - Exclude 5% owners, but include virtually all of your remaining employees with the exception of:
 - Part time employees (less than 20 hours per week)
 - Employees who have been employed less than 2 years
 - Employees who work less than 5 months each year
 - Highly-compensated employees
 - Employees of foreign subsidiaries
 - Groups can be excluded, however many companies try to include all full-time employees even if they have been employed less than 2 years
- Non-qualified – Can include/exclude as design decision

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Plan Design: Shareholder Approval

- 423-Qualified Plans
 - Required for 423-qualified plans
 - Required within 12 months, before or after the plan approved by the Board
 - Approval is only required once except for an increase in the number of shares
- Non-qualified Plans
 - Required by NYSE / NASDAQ – Changed in 2003
 - Even if “arguably” de minimis potential for insider compensation OR material dilution for shareholders

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Plan Design: Enrollment Period

- Choices
 - Window
 - Open window during which employees may enroll in new offering period and make changes to elections.
 - Enrollment choices made for one period roll into next period unless employee elects to make a change
 - Outside of window, employees only allowed to withdraw
- Providing employees with the most flexibility will result in higher overall participation
 - No one wants to be locked in for long periods of time
 - But more administrative burden
 - Depending on changes allowed – may increase expense

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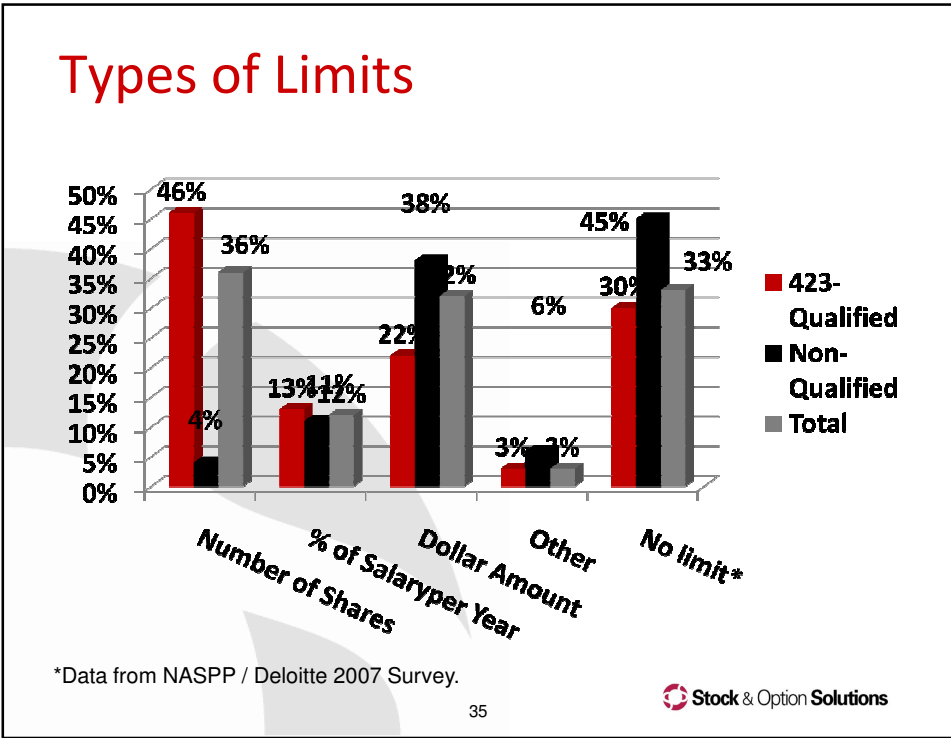
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Contribution Limit

- Qualified plans
 - \$25K contribution limit
 - Based on the value of shares purchased in the calendar year based on the FMV at the beginning of the offering period
- Companies also limit
 - Number of shares to manage dilution share reserve
 - Share limits not required
 - Add complexity to plan administration and employee communication process
 - May be best practice – can control burn rate
 - May be required for qualified plans under proposed 423 regulations

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- ### Plan Design: Contribution Type
- Percent or \$ Amount?
 - Dollar amount easier to understand ?
 - Employees know exactly how much will be deducted from their pay each period.
 - Percentages or a combination of both require the employee to calculate the amount of the deduction and can be cumbersome.
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Impact of Changing Discount / Look-back

- ESPPs administered by Fidelity that reduced their discount rate from 15% to 5%
 - Average participation rates dropped 50%¹
- Other Changes:
 - Lowering discount to 10%
 - Removing lookback, or
 - shortening the offering period
 - had "no substantial impact" on plan participation²

¹Fidelity StockSense Spring 2007 Newsletter

²NASPP Stock Plan Advisor, September-October 2007

Automatic Resets

- If price drops during offering period, after next purchase
 - Price is reset or
 - Participant is automatically re-enrolled at new, lower price
- Excellent benefit to participants, but...
 - Triggers modification accounting
 - Few systems can support
 - Manual workarounds/spreadsheets often required

Plan Design: Share Funding

- Treasury/Reserve (authorized/unissued) is most common
- Open market purchase
 - May have an impact on your stock price based on the number of shares required for purchase / trading volume

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Plan Design: Restrictions

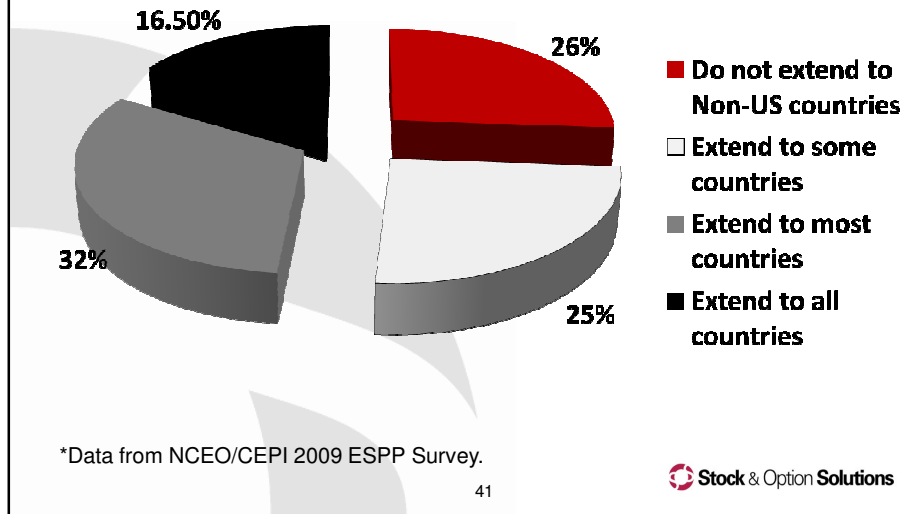
- Often done to ease tracking dispositions for 423-plans
 - Any restriction on transfer/sale
 - Direct impact on the level of participation
 - Vendors can assist with disposition tracking to avoid any restrictions on sales or transfers
- Also used to encourage ownership
 - Instead of flipping shares immediately after purchase for quick gain

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International Plans

Do you extend your ESPP to non-US countries?



Ways to Reduce Expense

- Fair Value
 - Shorten offering period
 - Eliminate lookback
 - Reduce discount
 - Eliminate automatic reset
 - Limit employee ability to change contributions
- Administrative
 - Leverage your provider – disposition tracking, communication, etc.

Characteristics		Tax Benefit	Provides Discount	Used in Performance Incentive Program	No Shareholder Approval Required
Qualified					
Section 423- Qualified Plans	Stock offered to all employees, often at discount, using treasury or authorized / unissued shares.	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Non-qualified					
Contributory Plans	Company contributes specified \$ amount and/or non-qualified \$ toward employee stock purchased on open market.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	
Discount / Match Plans	Stock offered to employees at a discounted price or can contribute % or all in a match.		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ¹
Open Market Plans	Shares purchased on open market with payroll deductions. No discount or company contribution.				<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

¹Required by NYSE / NASDAQ for many plans.
Grid adapted from Computershare ESPP materials.



IMPLEMENTING ESPP

Steps for Implementing

- Determine Plan Design
 - Type of plan (qualified/non-qualified)
 - Amount of discount or match
 - Offering and purchase frequency
 - Amount of shares required & type (treasury, open market, authorized/unissued)
- Present to Board of Directors
- Seek shareholder approval
- Select a provider for administration and communication

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Presenting to Board and Shareholders

- Highlight benefits of offering an ESPP
 - For employee AND
 - Company
- Provide high-level estimate of cost of implementing an ESPP (can vary based on the amount of discount/match)
 - Number of expected participants
 - Amount of discount/match
 - Administrative costs
- Engage an expert to gauge likelihood of shareholder approval

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Selecting a Provider

- Industry experience
- Partnership approach
- User-friendly systems and reports
- Communication expertise
- Fees

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Implementation Overview

- Prepare implementation project plan with timeline and milestones
- Discovery process and procedural requirements
- Database and administrative platform setup
- Establish system interfaces with payroll and HRIS systems/employee and plan sponsor website/IVR
- Prepare communications strategy

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CASE STUDY: ESPP AT EMCOR GROUP, INC.



EMCOR Group, Inc.

- Fortune 500 Company with over 25,000 employees
- A leading provider of critical infrastructure systems
- EMCOR builds, powers, services and protects for maximum performance
- Markets include energy, transportation, health care, water, government, education, technology, hospitality



EMCOR's ESPP

- Background
 - EMCOR has annual management conference each fall
 - Employees submit questions for a company-wide webcast
 - In Fall of 2006, commitment was made to employees to explore offering an ESPP

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Process -- 2007

- Explored alternatives, design issues, cost and administration methods
- First: Winter 2007
 - Established purpose of ESPP
 - Fleshed out design alternatives and associated requirements (i.e., qualified/non qualified, FAS 123R, tax considerations) for presentation to executive management committee (EMC)

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Process -- 2007

- Next: Spring – Fall 2007
 - 3 discussions with EMC
 - First meeting to provide full scope of alternatives and sense general direction
 - Second discussion to narrow down alternatives and follow up on questions
 - Third discussion to solidify decisions
 - Numerous scenarios were presented to model various levels of company match/discount, participation and stock price assumptions
 - Initial proposal presented to BOD by CEO to gain approval to proceed

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Process -- 2008

- Winter 2008
 - Vetted final design with stock plan consultant
 - Determined number of shares to reserve
 - General Counsel determined type of shares to reserve for Plan (authorized/unissued shares)
 - Final proposal approved by Board of Directors

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EMCOR's ESPP Design

- Nonqualified ESPP
 - offer only to non-union employees (around 8,000)
 - Offer a flexible design
- Quarterly offering periods; monthly purchases
- Employees contribute 1 – 6% of pay
- 10% company match
- No holding periods required
- Purchase whole and fractional shares

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Implementation Process -- 2008

- Searched for consultant to partner with on vendor search
- Selected consultant and commenced search in April
- Consultant had robust, diligent selection process
- Obtained shareholder approval in June
- Selected Vendor in June

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Implementation Process -- 2008

- Held first kick-off meeting with Consultant and Vendor teams in July 2008
- Held weekly team meetings with EMCOR, Consultant and Vendor
 - Vendor prepared enrollment guide to supplement plan document & prospectus (from Legal)
- Successfully implemented ESPP on time for October 1, 2008 quarterly enrollment
- Held subsequent weekly meetings with Vendor and Consultant until November

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Enrollment Statistics

- 4 quarterly enrollment periods
 - October 2008: 500 participants (6.2%)
 - January 2009: 600 participants (7.7%)
 - April 2009: 675 participants (8.1%)
 - July 2009: 700 participants (8.5%)
 - Average contribution 3.5%
- Introduced in tough economy
- Expect participation to grow over time

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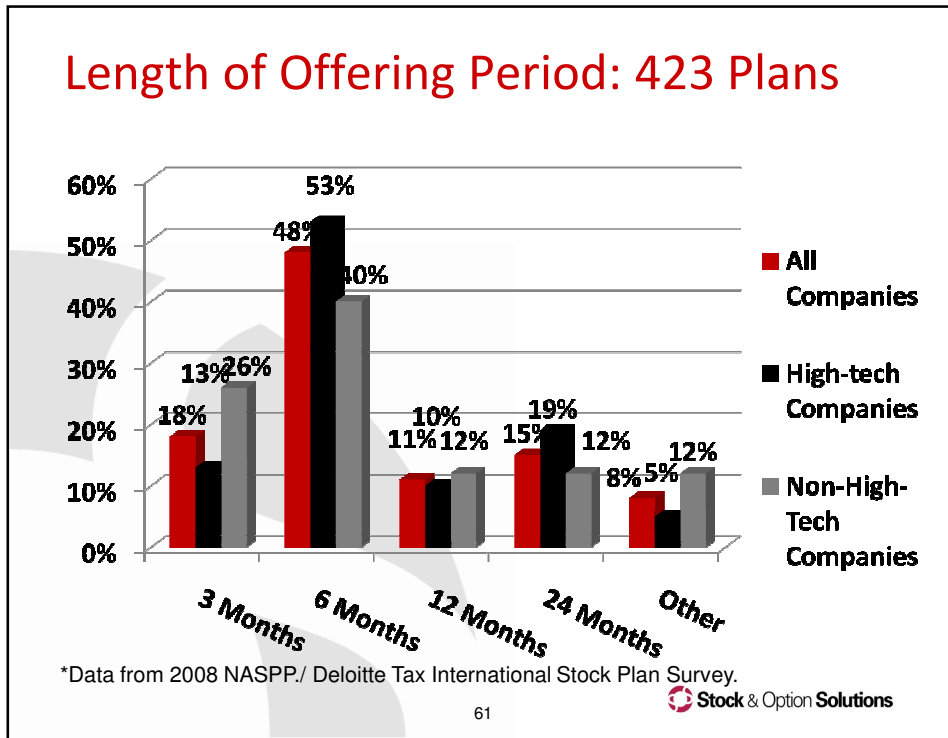


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APPENDIX



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Ways to Reduce Expense

Method	Impact	Why?
Shorter Offering Period	Reduces Fair Value	Shorter "expected term" = lower valuation
Reduce / Eliminate Lookback	Eliminates / reduces "call" part of fair value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No benefit from increase in stock price Participants MAY not value lookback as much as discount.¹
Eliminate auto-reset	Eliminates modification accounting	No changes to "grant" after enrollment – no incremental expense or additional expense for additional shares
Limit Ability to Change Contributions	Eliminates modification accounting	No changes to "grant" after enrollment – no incremental expense or additional expense for additional shares No "wasted" expense
Limit Transfers	More tax deductions	Capture ALL the tax deduction to which company is entitled Reduce survey costs

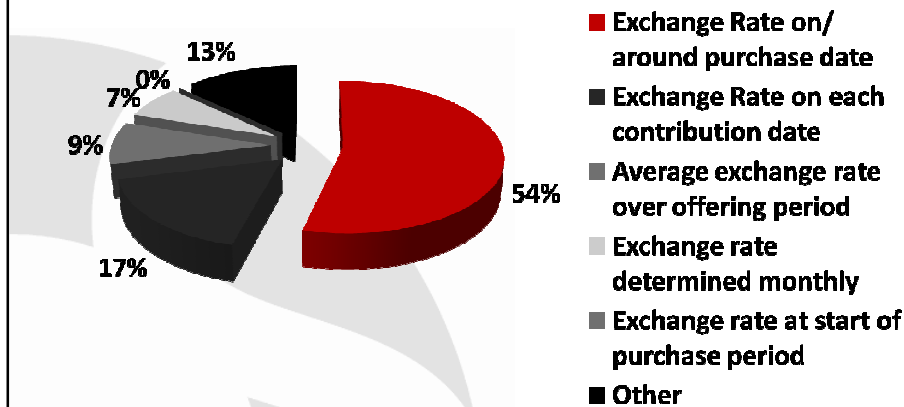
¹Fidelity StockSense Spring 2007 Newsletter

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Which Exchange Rate?

Which Exchange Rate do you use? (n=60)



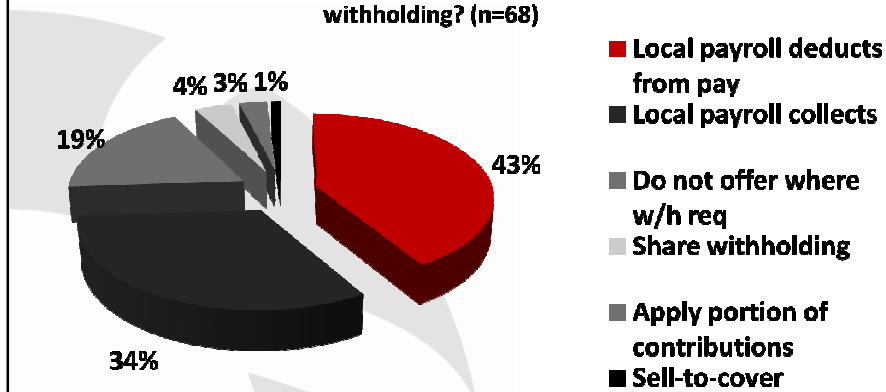
*Data from 2008 NASPP/ Deloitte Tax International Stock Plan Survey.

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How withholding is done?

For countries that require tax withholding on purchases under ESPP, how do you collect the tax withholding? (n=68)



*Data from 2008 NASPP/ Deloitte Tax International Stock Plan Survey.

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